

The country is weary with the same monkey shines of this party, but compelled to look on perforce while the musty programme is recited. It has the same howl, whence the same whine.

It is still opposed to cheating at
poils—unless it can monopolize
business itself.

It still views with violent disfavor any attempt at military interference in the affairs of the country—unless by Democratic militia, under the direction of Democratic White League.

of the Harrisburg convention, that right to a free ballot is a right pre-
servative of all rights"—whenever
right is exercised by a Caucasian
membership in the Democratic party
unquestioned, and whose papers are
ular.

It denies the right, and truthfully, it "always has denied the right of the "Federal Government to keep an army on foot to invade the states for political purposes;" but it has not hesitated to say against a state government, "that a portion of its citizens for interference with another portion, or

As usual, also, the Democratic according to the Harrisburg son the friend of the workman. Its of compassion yearn toward the citizen whose hands are soiled

dusty labor. It would like to go to 300 acres of land and a good many of its circumstances were better; but being unable to do that, it offers the next biggest thing—a Democratic ticket, and smilingly beckons him to the polls. The laboring man does not seem to grasp that ticket with

ness. We are therefore led to that possibly he is base enough to the professions of the great and organization which thus invites its privileges. This is somewhat discouraging, for the Hague convention declares that the Delegation has always "stood between

workingman and all oppressions
see the voter, therefore, turn his
on such a friend seems ungrateful
sibly the unappreciative worker
that if the party has stood between
and all oppression hitherto, it is
set a more substantial shield
sation. There has not been a

it, as it were, to hinder the kick
felt through it, and there are d
those who fancy that the "ab
even kicked in their direction
Whatever may be the cause,
the workman don't embrace
merocracy with particular fervor
he looks further and studies

grow less and less inclined to
ness. The party that never th
offering a homestead to a poor
all the years that it was in pow
never devised a free school fo
poor man's children could ha
advantages with the rich, and
behave as if they were in an

been engaged for years in
and cruel warfare on the
half the Union, has not been
ization to excite enthusias
breasts of the intelligent
of the country in the past, an
be in the future.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Senator Matt Carpenter, a
sin is taking a rest from his
work at Coney Island, one of
delightful pleasure resorts
American continent.

Bishop O'Conner, who it w
mbered attacked Genera

Des Moines speech so b
gone square back on his art
Catholic Review, and said the
words were misinterpreted a
porters were also in fault.
Peter Cooper says that
business career of sixty y
course of which he had had

2,500 persons in his employ has never known a week of idleness for every man who worked for him. He got his pay when it was due and set a good record, if Peter is a Greenbacker.

A Matter of "Treason"

Some of the Democrats still talking about Postmaster Key's "treason to the party" have not a word to say against the Democrats who have been guilty of treason to their country and still g

Ex-Gov. Chamberlain, of
Maine, delivered a Fourth of
July oration at Springfield, Mass., in
which he said, "Peace is
prayer—but the peace we
mean is the peace of the Declaration
of Independence, the peace of freedom
of conscience, the peace of a free

Mrs. HAYES has observed a rule among lady callers. House, both young and old, to look back after passing.

NEWSPAPER

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1879.

PRINCE JEROME NAPOLEON has been formally declared the head of the Bonaparte family.

THERE was an upward tendency in prices at Chicago yesterday. Wheat was 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 cents higher than on Saturday.

ACCORDING to the English papers, the Marquis of Lorne and his wife are about to make a tour of the United States, and the Marquis will write a book upon the subject of his trip, the illustrations in which will be from the pencil of the Princess, who is an accomplished artist.

THE Republicans of Wisconsin are preparing to celebrate, at their state convention to-morrow, the 25th anniversary of the organization of the party in that state. Among the speakers who have signified their intention of being present are Gen. Garfield of Ohio, Zach Chandler and others.

SOUND TO CLEAR HIM.

The trial of Tom Buford, at Owenton, Ky., for the murder of Judge Elliott, is not yet concluded, and the whole case promises to be a first-class farce. That a high-toned Kentucky gentleman should be punished for merely shooting a man in cold blood, is quite repugnant to the feelings of the people who put so high an estimate upon their "honour," and every effort is therefore made to turn Col. Buford loose to shoot another judge or two. A press dispatch of yesterday from Owenton says:

Rev. J. T. Hawkins yesterday preached a sermon to the effect of Buford.

It is not stated whether the jury was present or not, but we submit that the boasted "civilization of the south" will not have reached a point where it can challenge the admiration of the world until its ministers of the gospel cease to apologize in the pulpit for bloody-handed murderers. When human life is so little prized that those who take it in cold blood and with malice aforethought find defenders and apologists in the pulpit, it is not safe to make preparations for the speedy advent of the millennium. Kentucky needs about as many hanging bees as Mississippi before it will become the abode of peace, and law, and order, and good government.

A METHODIST paper published at Atlanta, Ga., given the names and details of the lynchings of thirty-four Methodist preachers and teachers in the South, white and colored, during the past two years. It asserts that the only offenses of these men were that they belonged to the Methodist Church North, voted the Republican ticket, and interested themselves in the education of negroes. And what is worse than all, in not a single instance has the guilty perpetrator been punished.

The Supreme court of this state holds that the Illinois statute prohibiting the importation of Texas cattle is in conflict with the constitution of the United States; that the police power of the state cannot obstruct foreign or interstate commerce beyond the necessity for its exercise, and under color of it; objects not within its scope cannot be secured at the expense of the protection afforded by the Federal constitution.

A WASHINGTON special states that internal revenue reports indicate a large increase in the consumption of beer. The amount drunk in the United States is now nearly 1,000,000 barrels per month, or about 11,000,000 barrels annually, or about eight gallons to every man, woman and child in the United States.

The annual convention of the American Bankers' Association will be held at the Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, on the 6th, 7th and 8th of August. Every banking firm, national bank, state bank, trust company and savings bank in the United States is entitled to send one delegate. Members of the association have also one vote each at all general and special sessions of the convention. Gentlemen who have prepared papers, and those who may desire to address the convention, are requested to send their names and topics before July 31, to James Buell, the secretary of the association, 247 Broadway, New York. At the First National Bank, Saratoga, the books of registry will be kept open from Monday, August 4, to Friday, August 8, except during the meetings of the convention, when the registrar will sit at the doors of the convention room, to receive names, and to issue tickets to the delegates accredited from the banks and bankers of the United States.

Every mother in the land should know the value of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup and give it without fail. It is free from opiates. Price 25 cents a bottle.

TEMPERANCE TALK.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN.—Three reasons dissuade me to discuss the temperance question with you in your paper. 1. You have expressed your unwillingness to do so, giving a reason. 2. When I give you a troublesome argument, treating it with superlative disdain and sovereign silence, you trot out your Chinese tom-tom and "fire blank cartridges in the air" from the most ancient of horse-pistols, like two scared boys who whistle as they pass by a graveyard on a dark night. 3. Chiefly, as I would deem it in bad taste to turn and drive the conversation in a disagreeable way is the house of my host. So here your space I occupy of your grace, which favors causes some surprise among temperance folk. But if there be any other Republican in this city who wishes to oppose my reasonings in a kindly spirit, please give him room. Many of your readers are profoundly interested in this question; hence, an earnest search for truth and right is desirable.

ARGUMENT.

The liquor traffic is wrong from beginning to end. No man in the broad sunlight of God has the natural right to make or sell rum as a beverage. To produce and to trade in the manifold products of field and shop man has a natural right, for these meet his natural needs; hence government does not license men to carry on such branches of industry. Rum does not meet man's natural necessities. It is not nourishment, nor clothing, nor shelter, nor the rightful education of any of his powers. It does not protect society in its life or liberty, promote its happiness nor contribute to its well being. Because this traffic has the sanction of statute law it does not follow that it is, therefore, right. Did not the constitutional law of our republic recognize and sanction slavery for more than three quarters of a century? But did this make slavery right? No, Republicans will easily admit to mind "the doctrine of the higher law," and it was in obedience to this doctrine that the blood of patriots washed the taint out of our national constitution and the stain from our flag.

The liquor traffic is disease, decay and death, to the individual and to the state; therefore, the attitude of the government—general, state or municipal—that permits the making or selling of rum as a beverage is wrong. It is a gigantic evil—recognized as such by government in the very fact of its attempted regulation—and it is not the function of civil government to protect but to prohibit evil in all the forms that affect its life. Equally false is it that society should undertake to regulate evil by law. Its business is to restrict and remove it, as far as possible, not to regulate. The legalization of this traffic is the most flagrant perversion of the right of the state. I remain, sirs,

Yours for the Higher Law,
N. S. HAYNES.

Our esteemed correspondent makes a complaint or two, in starting out, which we do not care to pass by "with superlative disdain and sovereign silence." We are not aware of the fact that we have expressed an unwillingness to discuss the temperance question. The "temperance question" is one that is hardly debatable, since all men agree upon the desirability of sobriety and temperance. The question of legal prohibition is an entirely different one, and we stated at the outset of this controversy with Mr. Haynes that we could not, as a political journal, enter upon its discussion until it became a recognized issue in politics. The fact that political parties as at present constituted are not willing to so recognize it is the basis of Mr. Haynes' complaint. (2) The fact that we have treated some of our correspondent's remarks with "sovereign silence" is hardly *prima facie* evidence that he has given us a "troublesome argument." Some "arguments" do not require any other treatment than that of silence. (3) The assertion that our willingness to grant Mr. Haynes space in our columns "caused some surprise among temperance folk" is a gratuitous fling which our correspondent might have spared himself the effort of making. Since the inception of the movement which our correspondent fondly hoped would carry him into the legislature, the REPUBLICAN has upon all occasions opened its columns to the advocates of temperance—frequently according them space which we could hardly spare, and nobody knows this better than Mr. Haynes. His insinuation to the contrary is as unjust as it is unkind.

That part of Mr. Haynes' epistle which he labels "argument" is but a rebuke of what everybody has heard for years, and we do not see that it requires any further comment at our hands.

IT SEEMS IMPOSSIBLE

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., should make so many and such marvellous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do, but when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor, all testify to having been cured by them, you must believe and try them yourself, and doubt no longer. See other columns.

OHIO OKOLONAISE.

Okolona States, July 18th.

The Hardin county (Ohio) Democracy made the following bold, blunt declaration of principles at their convention at Kenton, August 20, 1864:

Resolved, That the States have the right to withdraw their consent to the Union, and assume their independence by repealing their ordinance of secession and passing ordinances of secession.

Resolved, That a State, having withdrawn from the Federation with the consent and by a formal act of the people, cannot be invaded with the purpose to compel its return.

Resolved, That in the application of these ideas, which in our judgment are constitutionally reasonable, evident and just, to the conflict between the Union and Confederate States, we but perform a natural and social duty in declaring to all whom it may concern, that no citizen of Ohio, resident of Hardin county, shall be compelled to join the Federal army to consummate the avowed designs of the enemies of State-rights even should it prove necessary to give effect to the decision by force of arms.

We could fill column after column, page after page, paper after paper, volume after volume, with resolutions of a similar tone and temper that were sent ringing through Township, County and State Democratic convention, in '61-'62, with huzzas, throwing up hats, flustering of handkerchiefs, and all and every demonstration of approval peculiar to political meetings.

The Democracy of Hardin county were not alone, the Democracy of Ohio were not alone, in upholding the right of Secession, in repudiating the principle of coercion, and in recommending resistance to Lincoln conscriptions.

On the contrary, the Democracy of the whole wide North avowed their disapproval of the Yankees war, and their hearts beat in harmony with our own.

The platform we have quoted was the platform of the whole Peace people in 1861-'62; and, while standing squarely upon it, Vallandigham polled a vote of 276,000 in Ohio alone—a heavier vote than any Democrat had ever drawn from the ballot-boxes of that commonwealth before.

It is the platform on which the Okolona States, in company with the unpurchased and unpurchaseable millions of the party, North and South, is sunning itself, this 18th day of July, 1879.

It is a platform inalienable with the vital and immortal spark that lends our life to our party, to our Sovereign States, and to Liberty herself.

Yet, lo and witness! there be a few sneaks, cravens and traitors who have crawled off this platform—this Democratic platform—this Okolona States platform, and have deserted it and those who stand upon it.

When we called upon them in a kindly spirit to come back, they pointed over their shoulder at us, and swore by the beard of the Prophet that we were in the pay of the Republican party!

When we reminded them of the time when they stood knee and shoulder at our side, they lifted up the whites of their eyes, and swore by Allah himself that the Democratic party had fought, bled and kerthumixed in behalf of the Neighbing, the Phleg, and the illustrious children of Africa.

When we produced proof of their sympathy with Secession and their opposition to the war and its results, they forthwith forged a letter, and began to manufacture big, raw lies, in order to weaken the force and influence of our utterances!

But this isn't all. When they were swearing by all the profane gods in the calendar that State-Sovereignty was dead, damned and delivered, they were simultaneously striving to fix and swing to a plan for starving the little old "nation" to death if it didn't surrender to the States in the matter of the army bill!

Yes; and, while they were swearing by the shade of old John Brown that negro suffrage was the sum total of human wisdom and progress, they were trying to knock the amendments h—ll west and crooked by favoring the repeal of the very statutes that lent force and effect to those illegitimate laws!

Honor bright! gentlemen of America, what do you think of the bastard Democracy of Yankeeedom in view of this alien from their history?

Don't you think the Okolona States has the dead wood on them, for a fact!

Ayer's Fifth Annual Excursion for 1879. This excursion will take in the "Friendly Hand" trip to Niagara Falls and return, \$7.50, Toronto, Put-in-Bay and Detroit, each, \$1 extra; and, in addition, a choice selection of routes through the lakes to Mackinaw, Marquette, Duluth, St. Paul, and home via Chicago or Quincy, also across the state of Michigan to Grand Haven, and home via Milwaukee or Chicago. Of the Niagara Falls trip it is too well known to say anything in its praise, and all know that Ayer never offers anything in the way of routes or hotels except the very best. He will personally supervise the trip to the Falls and home via Put-in-Bay. Parties who desire can go direct to Put-in-Bay, and remain there the limit of the ticket, arriving on Wednesday and leaving Monday morning. Programmes can be found after Monday, July 29th, at Wabash depot. July 22 dwtw

Ladies, be Sure. And buy all your corsets, gloves, rashes, ribbons, hosiery, lace and notions at the Popular New York Store. We guarantee you a saving of at least 50 per cent. July 22 dwtw

The Mathematics of the Democratic Vote of 1876.

The New York Times prints a large number of facts and statistics tending to show that there were great Democratic frauds in the presidential vote of 1876. It shows by a careful study of our elections since 1828 that in periods of the highest political excitement not more than 85 per cent. of the electoral body of a state can be fairly brought to the polls; in other words, fifteen in every one hundred qualified citizens, owing to preventive causes, are unable to exercise the right of suffrage. It was discovered on examination that the aggregate vote returned as being cast in the presidential vote of 1876, presented the most startling exception to that had gone before for forty-eight years. The election was not an especially excited one, as presidential elections go, yet it is found that the aggregate vote cast is in its magnitude out of all proportion to the population of the country; that the percentage of the non-voting sinks to an impossibly low figure; that the percentage of increase in the vote of some sections at that election over the vote of 1872 is greatly disproportioned to their increase of population, and to the annual increase of their vote for twenty years preceding.

As to the aggregate of the country, these facts, among others, are shown: In 1860, the most exciting election, except that of 1840, known in our history, the presidential vote equaled 14.9 per cent. of the state population, and 23.7 per cent. of the electors failed to vote. In 1872 it equaled 16.9 per cent., and 22.3 per cent. of the electors did not vote. In 1876 the vote equaled 19.9 per cent. of the population, and only 8.7 of the electors failed to vote; that is, in every 100 qualified voters in every state of the Union, no more than 8.7 are supposed to have failed to come to the polls.

There is no parallel to this in all the previous history of the United States. The following facts are proved: That, as respects Louisiana, the claims made in behalf of Mr. Tilden assume that in every 100 qualified voters ninety-nine came to the polls and voted, which is a physical impossibility; that in Florida Mr. Tilden's claims rested on the assertion made by his friends that the popular vote amounted to 48,791, which required that 4,050 ballots should be cast in excess of the whole number of qualified electors in the state; that to cast the vote claimed in Mississippi would require that in every 100 voters 94.5-10 came to the polls, and if every white voter in the state had cast his vote for Tilden, it would still require that 30,286 colored men should also have voted for him to bring the total up to what it was claimed to be, that in New York it is conclusively proven that the number of qualified electors in the state in 1876 did not exceed 1,068,412 or 22.4 per cent. of its total population, and of this number the presidential vote, as returned, showed that 1,017,330 had come to the polls, which would require that in every 100 qualified voters in the state only 4.8 failed to deposit their ballots, and this is sheer impossibility; that, in respect to New Jersey, the presidential vote of 1876 presents results more extraordinary than in New York, for a state census was taken in 1875, which showed the population to be 1,109,413, and by the method of computation used in the Federal census of 1870 there must have been in the state in 1876 223,004 qualified voters, that the total vote returned was 220,234, or only 2,770 short of the whole number of persons in the state qualified to vote; that to produce this incredible rally to the polls it would require that only a fraction over one voter in 100 in the whole of New Jersey should have failed to deposit his ballot on this occasion, and amounts to a physical impossibility, that it is also noted that in 1876 the Republicans increased their vote 12.9 per cent. over that of 1872, and yet, despite this increase, the Democratic vote made an increase of no less than 50 per cent., that in Connecticut the same general features are discovered in the disproportion of the vote of 1876 as compared with the population, and the results of all previous presidential elections in that state; that never before did the vote cast exceed 80 per cent. of the whole body of qualified electors; but in the last election this proportion rose to 89.2.

The Times gives many facts to show that the utterly unprecedented increase in the proportion of 1876 was not due to the Republican vote, which showed only its normal increase, but to the astonishing growth of the Democratic vote.

OUR CLAIMS.

We claim that there is greater certainty and uniformity in the production of good bread, biscuits, etc., in the use of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and that the articles made with it are more whole some and digestible than if made with any other kind. Test it by the most reliable and truthful test—in the oven.

YESTERDAY Mr. Thomas Leavitt, of Marva, sold to Mr. Joseph Cooper and Soc. of Marva township, one of those celebrated steam threshers. The engine is of the traction make, and is a self-propeller. It is the only threshing of the kind in use in the county, and is said to be one of the best, if not the best machine manufactured.

New Corsets constantly received by Alan & Son.

The Chicago Convention—News About the August Session.

It will be remembered that the Decatur Guards had been specially signified their intention of co-operating for the 1880 presidential prize offered by the De Witt county Agricultural Board at their county fair this fall, and the proposed visit was announced in the REPUBLICAN, on Sunday morning Capt. Goodman received the following note, which explains itself:

CHICAGO, ILL., July 18, 1879.

CAPT. A. GOODMAN, Decatur Guards: DEAR SIR—I notice in the Chicago papers that your company is drilling to enter for a competitive drill at the De Witt county fair. Last February I sent to you a copy of the regulations, and you decided to enter for the drill. No more know by the 1st day of May last. No company having responded, we concluded they did not want to enter. At a meeting of the directors since that date they decided to withdraw said offer.

Yours, etc., LEWIS CAMPBELL, Secy De Witt Co. Agric'l Board. This is just what the "Mattoon" folks should have done. But they wanted to use the Decatur military to get up a 4th of July "boom," and now contrive themselves by saying, in effect, that our companies ought to be satisfied, as they got a free ride and a free dinner, to say nothing of the killing smiles the Mattoon girls lavished upon them.

Five members of the Decatur Grenadier Rifle Club went to the gravel bank, last Friday evening, and participated in a target practice. The distance was 300 yards, 10 rounds for each man, possible score, 50 points. The following is the result of the shoot:

Capt. G. M. Durfee, 30
Capt. J. D. Durfee, 20
B. McMoray, 10
Davis May, 10
Allen Wiley, 10

A copy of the Reunion-Annual, published at Aurora, Ill., is before us. The second annual encampment of the soldiers' reunion of the Northwest will be held at that place August 20, 21 and 22, 1879. The following notes will be of interest to old soldiers and the reading public generally:

General Phil. Sheridan will positively be present during the reunion. The Governor's Guards will attend. The Danville Battery one of the best equipped in the United States, will be at the reunion.

Fifty thousand rounds of ammunition will be used in the "sham battle" that will occur the last day of the reunion.

The soldiers of Lee county have sent word that they will have a regiment at the reunion, to be known as the "Lee county regiment."

Gen. Phil. Sheridan, Gen. Sigel, Gen. Logan and other military men, will have quarters by themselves during the reunion, so that friends can call on them when they wish.

Robert Henry Henderson, the famous "Summer boy of the Appomattox," will be in Aurora during the reunion, and give an exhibition each day on the silver drum presented to him by the late Horace Greeley.

The best drilled battalion of State militia, and the best drilled company of veteran soldiers, will each be presented with a silk flag at the reunion. The drill will take place on the 21st.

At least 15,000 soldiers will take part in the two hours' battle at the reunion. The fight will be worth witnessing. Several batteries, cavalry and thousands of infantry will take part.

"Old Abe," the eagle that went through four years of the war with a Wisconsin regiment, and was wounded twice, will be at the reunion. "Old Abe" is a great curiosity and a favorite among veteran soldiers.

The Illinois Central railroad will take passengers for the reunion from points on the road for one and one-half fares for the round trip. Tickets will be sold to Mendota, Forreston, or Chicago.

Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

A Document from the State Secretary—Topics to be Discussed.

The Seventh Annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of Ill. will be held at Decatur, Aug. 28-31. The committee expect to have present Robert Weidemann, General Western Agent of the International Executive Committee; Rev. T. Von Schluembach, Secretary in charge of the work among the Germans; E. D. Ingersoll, Secretary in charge of work among Railway Men; S. A. Taggart, State Secretary of Pennsylvania; L. P. Rowland, State Secretary of Michigan, and others. The following topics will be discussed—a brief paper will be prepared and read by those selected for the purpose, followed by an open discussion:

State Work.—(a.) The importance of a State Secretary; (b.) the importance of a Local Secretary to our Associations; (c.) sustaining membership plan.

Meetings.—(a.) College and neighborhood; (b.) jail; (c.) open air; (d.) song services.

Religious Work.—(a.) Among Germans; (b.) colleges; (c.) railway men; (d.) commercial traveler; (e.) the unemployed.

The advantages in having, (a.) a young man's high class; (b.) worker's training classes; (c.) educational classes.—The necessity of personal conversation in our work—social work. A question drawer will answer all knotty questions.

The railroads will give reduced rates. Entertainment will be provided for all that come; we would invite the largest attendance from all the associations, and invite all pastors of Evangelical churches to be present themselves, and also to send several of their young men as delegates.

Pray daily that this gathering may be one of great power and influence for good among the young men. A programme will be issued in a few days giving particulars. Friends must not miss it, as all of them you wish to know more of the work, who will then be glad to answer any questions.

At the last meeting of the State Convention.

Better than Gold.

The great climax of success is in an achievement. The "Good" people, the artists and writers, the rich men in the golden sunshine of perfect health. The physical miseries of the human frame need no longer be endured. Dr. King's California Golden Compound, for Deception, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Coming up of Food, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Stomachache, General Debility, Dropsicalness and Low Spirits. "Tall wonderful remedy will positively cure, and that where every remedy has failed. To prove that this wonderful remedy will do all we claim for it you are presented with a testimonial of a case, by which you will readily perceive its wonderful curative qualities, and which will show you what a regular one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen.

A Day Window for the Court Room. Judges C. B. Smith, of Champaign, Oliver L. Davis, of Danville, and J. W. Wilkin, of Marshall, of the fourth judicial circuit, and the public generally, are respectfully informed that the board of supervisors of Macon county have ordered that a large bay window be put in the court room at this place. Mills & Barry have the contract, and the improvement will be completed within the next ten days. The bay window will be put in directly north of the Judge's bench, and will be the full length of the windows of the court room, and ten feet wide. The work is now in progress.

For the Cash Buyers. At the great clearing sale of Summer Goods, at the Popular New York Store, 10c will buy worried dress goods worth 15c and 18c, 15c will buy beautiful stylish suitings worth 25c and 30c; 40c will buy a \$1 parasol; 25c will buy a superb shawl, any color, sold elsewhere at \$1.50. The only place for real fire bargains in dry goods is at the

POPULAR NEW YORK STORE.

July 22 dwtw

Notice to Farmers. It is generally conceded that David F. Hausher, at his new two-story shop on Wood street, puts up the best farmers' wagons of any manufacturer in Decatur. Call and examine his work, and learn his easy terms.

Still Ahead! Many people wonder at our low prices. But, ladies and gentlemen, a humble experience is better than a slow shilling. And all Summer Goods must be closed out of our store at once. Doing business on this principle, and buying and selling strictly for cash, is the secret of our present low prices, and has built up our five large flourishing stores, and is still increasing the business of Lambert & Co., proprietors of the

POPULAR NEW YORK STORE.

July 22 dwtw

Genuine Mason

FRUIT JARS!

Extra Heavy Glass, \$1 PER DOZ.

LARGE JELLY GLASSES,

40 Cts. per doz.

Refrigerators, from

Ice Cream Freezers,

Water Coolers, \$1.25.

Lemonade Straws,

Shell Ice Cream Sippers,

Lemonade Tumblers, 30

cents per set.

Goblets, 30 cts per set.

Nickle Plated Fluters,

60 cents.

Gasoline Stoves, with or

without Ovens.

Best Gasoline in the

Best White Coal Oil.

All kinds of Queensware

Garden and Lawn Vases

Baby Carriages, &c.

Cooking Stoves.

Kitchen Utensils, and a

great assortment of

Housekeepers' Articles

at the very lowest

prices, at

LITTLE'S

MAINTENANCE STORES.

1 & 2 Court House Block

Decatur, Ga.

July 22 dwtw



HATS

Sell more of them, and

and less money, by using

any method in the world.

100

CASSI

200 Fine

DR

Oil Cloth

For

3000 PIECES

a yard, worth

Job in Ribb

1000 PIECES

price of imp

100 DOZEN AL

100 DOZ. ALL

100 DOZ. ALL

great bargai

100 DOZ. LAD

worth 25 c

CRASHES,

3000 YARDS

30,000 YARDS

CRASHES,

3000 YARDS

LADIES' SUIT

TIME PEELS!



The Tide Has Turned.

B. STINE,
The "BOSS CLOTHIER!"

Has practically demonstrated the following facts:
Our Daily Increasing Business furnishes the evidence that we carry a Larger Stock of

Seasonable Clothing
FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS.

Sell more of them, a better quality, in material as well as trimmings and workmanship, and last, though not least, sell them for less money than any house in Decatur, and live as easy market in the United States.

100 Fine All-Wood Light Weight
CASSIMERE SUITS!

At \$10 per Suit, just received, the BIGGEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED.

200 Fine All-Wool Cassimere Pants,
AT \$3.50.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

LUSTRE AND SKELETON COATS

Comprising the Novelties of the Season. A Fine Assortment of

WHITE VESTS.

Children's Clothing a Specialty.

SQUARE DEALING, AND NO BULL-DOZING.

Yours truly,

B. STINE,
THE "BOSS CLOTHIER."

May 21—1879

DRY GOODS!

Oil Cloths, Window Shades Mattings

—AND—

CARPETS

For the Million!

2000 PIECES RIBBONS, from 2 to 4 inches wide, from 8 1/2 to 15 cts.

a yard, worth three times as much, and is doubtless the last great

Job in Ribbons that will ever be offered in this market.

1000 PIECES HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES 25 per cent. below the

price of importers.

100 DOZEN ALL LINEN NAPKINS at 85 cts. a dozen; very cheap.

100 DOZ. ALL-LINEN NAPKINS at 90 cts. less than jobbers' price.

100 DOZ. ALL LINEN NAPKINS, fast edges, at \$1.20 per dozen;

great bargains.

100 DOZ. LADIES' PRINTED HANDKERCHIEFS at 10 cents;

worth 25 cts.

GREAT BARCAINS IN

CRASHES, TOWELINGS & TABLE LINENS.

4000 YARDS BEAUTIFUL DRESS GINGHAMS;

20,000 YARDS HANDSOME PRINTS at 5 cts.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS

IN GREAT VARIETY AND VERY CHEAP.

3000 YARDS DEER ISLAND JEANS at 30 cts.; worth 50c.

LADIES' SUITS, DOLMAN'S CLOAKS and SHAWLS, in all the

novelties, and very cheap.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, LACES, VEILINGS and

RUCHINGS, below the market price.

BLACK and COLORED DRESS and TRIMMING SILKS retailed

at wholesale prices.

BLACK CASHMERES retailed at Jobbers' prices.

PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS in every style and price.

Dress Goods,

In Exquisite Styles, and at Lower Prices than were ever known.

2000 YARDS HEAVY COTTONADE at 18c, worth 25 cts.

FINE and HEAVY BROWN MUSLINS at 6 1/2 cts.

SHIRTINGS, CHEVIOTS, TICKINGS, GRAIN BAGS, CARPET

WARPS, GINGHAMS, DENIMS and OIL CLOTHS, at the

very Lowest Prices.

If you wish to save money, never buy your Dry Goods and Carpets

until you examine Goods and prices at the Popular House of

Linn & Soruggs

against which no house this has ever come to Decatur has been able to

spit a word.

WOMEN IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

A Deaf-Mute Hears and Speaks—Curious Circumstances of the Case.

From the Columbia (S. C.) Register, July 12.

The following remarkable, if not miraculous, occurrence is taken from the Greenville Daily News of the 10th instant. Rev. Samuel Lander, whose signature is appended to the communication, is the President of Williamston Female College. If this is not a case of fraud in the substitution of another person for the boy who was an absentee for eight years, it would seem that the days of miracles have returned:

Ma. Editor: Allow me to inform your readers of a strange event which has recently taken place near our village. On the night of the 3d instant the gift of speech was suddenly bestowed on a colored youth, 23 years of age, who had all his life been known as a deaf-mute by all of our older citizens. Your Oak Lawn readers will remember Marcus, a deaf-mute boy, a slave of Colonel T. E. Ware, deceased, who was employed after the war by Colonel Ware's son-in-law, Mr. Arnold, as a hand about the house and farm. His services were quite valuable, as he was an active, obedient, intelligent boy. He frequently came over to Williamston as a teamster, and thus became well known to our community. Eight years ago Mr. Arnold removed to Mississippi. Just before his departure Marcus disappeared. No one knew whether he had gone. His mother tried in vain to get information of his whereabouts. No tidings of him reached his friends at home until the last day of June, when his return to the house of his uncle, Edmund Jones, was as unexpected as his mysterious departure years before.

In the meantime he had learned to converse in writing, so that he found no trouble in communicating his history during his long absence from home. Nothing noteworthy occurred from Monday to Thursday, the 3d instant. On that afternoon he became extremely nervous and restless, "hearing dreadful loud noises, and seeming as if his head would burst with pain." This condition continued till after nightfall. He then fainted, his extremities became cold and his body was convulsed with violent paroxysms. After something more than an hour, these symptoms relaxed, and he broke his life-long silence by asking, quite audibly, but not very distinctly for a drink of water. At intervals of about fifteen minutes during the night he continued to speak, saying almost anything he wished, but feeling fatigued after every effort. On the 4th, he spoke as occasion required, with increasing ease, freedom and clearness.

On Saturday, the 5th, with several other gentlemen, I visited him and conversed with him for about an hour and a half. He had no difficulty in hearing all we said, and we noticed considerable improvement in his articulation during the interview. At first he declined trying to pronounce the word "Williamston," because he said he could not pronounce it right; but, at the close of the interview, he inadvertently pronounced it very well. The extent of his vocabulary, the clearness of his articulation, the correctness of his vowel sounds, the accuracy of his accentuation, and the general propriety of his language, were matters of great astonishment to all.

Sunday afternoon he heard his first music. He attended service at the Colored Methodist Church, and the singing, which was right vigorous, overpowered him. He could not realize the distinction of the sounds, but it all seemed to him "like a loud noise blown through a straight horn." After service he heard a lady play some sacred pieces on the reed organ, and, though he enjoyed it a little, it still "had no turn."

On Monday, while listening to the piano, he seemed greatly interested, and professed to enjoy it very much; but it seemed to me as I watched him, that he was more impressed with the quick movements of the hammers than with the tones of the instrument.

For the statement in connection with his strange attack on Thursday afternoon, I am indebted to Marcus himself and his uncle, Edmund Jones, whose character of veracity is unusually fair in our community. As to the other points in the above narrative, there is no room for doubt. He was a deaf-mute from his birth till he left here eight years ago. He seemed to be in the same condition when he returned last Monday week. He can hear and speak now as well as the majority of our people. How the wonderful change was brought about remains to be explained.

With your permission I will send you for your next issue his account of his history during his absence, which may throw some light on the mysterious question. I am yours, S. LANDER.

WILLIAMSTON, S. C., July 9, '79.

EVERY FLAVOR TRUE.

By a process entirely his own, Dr. Price is enabled to extract from each of the true select fruits and aromatics, all of its characteristic flavor, and place in the market a class of Flavorings of rare excellence. We know Dr. Price's True Flavoring Extracts will give perfect satisfaction.

We are to-day issuing from our job press a large edition of the Bulletin—a publication under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. We rather pride ourselves upon the appearance of this little sheet, which will compare favorably, in a typographical way, with anything ever printed in Decatur.

When Will We See the End of It?

The M. E. excursion to Peoria, on the 17th inst., gotten up under the auspices of some of the noblest patrons of that enterprising little town, was, to speak in the highest terms, a grand success, both socially and financially.

The weather was so warm for several days previous to the day appointed, that it was feared it would prove a serious drawback to the pleasures of the excursionists; but not so. Heaven seemed to smile on the undertaking, for the evening of 16th the weather grew decidedly cooler. By Thursday morning, the 17th, it was, according to the old saying, "All that heart could wish." The day was simply perfect. Passengers from Decatur, Beardale, Warrenburg, Latham, and other towns along the line, numbering in all more than 400, after a delightful three hours' ride, stepped off the train at Peoria with glad faces and happy hearts, determined to make the most of the day. The crowd dispersed to the various places of interest. The chief points of interest just at that time seemed to be "dinner." Quite a large number adjourned to Central Park, where all did ample justice to the contents of the well filled baskets. The afternoon was devoted to sight-seeing, boat riding, etc. We must not omit to mention in particular the merry party that boarded the "Isabelle" and spent such a delightful hour-and-a-half on Peoria lake. At 6:30 p. m. the excursionists—tired, but still happy—were assembled at the depot and took the train for their various homes, feeling that it was a day long to be remembered.

No accident worthy of note occurred, unless we may be allowed to mention that of the worthy and esteemed gentleman from Decatur, who unfortunately lost his hat. Notwithstanding the little accident we trust the 17th day of July, 1879, will always be a pleasant memory to him.

EXCURSIONIST

PROVERBS
"No one can be sick when the stomach, blood, liver and kidneys are healthy, and Hop Bitters keeps them so."
"The greatest nourishment, appetizer, strengthener and curative on earth—Hop Bitters."
"It is impossible to remain long sick or out of health, where Hop Bitters are used."
"Why do Hop Bitters cure so much?" Because they give good digestion, rich blood, and healthy action of all the organs."
"No matter what your feelings or ailments are, Hop Bitters will do you good."
"Remember, Hop Bitters never does harm, but good, always and continually."
"Purify the blood, cleanse the stomach, and sweeten the breath with Hop Bitters."
"Quiet nerves and bring sleep in Hop Bitters."
"No health without healthy liver and urinary organs without Hop Bitters."
TRY HOP COUGH CURE & PAIN RELIEF
For sale by all Druggists. (July 24/79)

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.

Macon County Circuit Court.

Mary A. S. Breneman, vs. Elizabeth A. Hedden et al.—No. 10,353.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Monday, the Eleventh day of August,

A. D. 1879,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the court house in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situated in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: All of the west half of the southeast quarter of section eighteen (18), in township seventeen (17) north, range one (1) east of the third principal meridian, containing in all five and 78-100 acres, together with the above estate in and to block five (5), in the village of Harlan, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 19, 1879.

JOHN A. BROWN,

Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

J. A. BUCKENHAM, Solicitor for Compt.

July 24—1879

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.

Macon County Circuit Court.

Peter Conner vs. Morille G. Camron et al.—Foreclosure—No. 10,344.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Monday, the Eleventh day of August,

A. D. 1879,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the court house in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situated in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot No. 10, in the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section No. 20, township 17 north, range 1 east of the third principal meridian, containing in all five and 78-100 acres, together with the above estate in and to block five (5), in the village of Harlan, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 19, 1879.

JOHN A. BROWN,

Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

J. A. BUCKENHAM, Solicitor for Compt.

July 24—1879

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.

Macon County Circuit Court.

Franklin and Nelson F. Brown, administrators of the estate of Robert A. Paisley, deceased, vs. Henry A. Paisley et al.—Foreclosure—No. 10,383.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1879, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Tuesday, the 12th day of August,

A. D. 1879,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the court house in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situated in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot No. 10, in the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section No. 20, township 17 north, range 1 east of the third principal meridian, containing in all five and 78-100 acres, together with the above estate in and to block five (5), in the village of Harlan, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., July 24, 1879.

JOHN A. BROWN,

Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

J. A. BUCKENHAM, Solicitor for Compt.

July 24—1879

FURNITURE!



WE HAVE IN STOCK A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

PARLOR AND BEDROOM SUITES!

STOVES, QUEENSWARE,

AND EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR FURNISHING A HOME.

Give us a call; we are here to please and sell, and are bound to do it. Don't forget our trade mark, the ELEPHANT.

July 2, 1879—wt

ASHBY & ADDRESS.

Just across the street from his old store and one door east of Millikin's Bank.

June 26th, 1879—dwit

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CLOSING OUT!

Having concluded to make a change in my business, I have determined to

CLOSE OUT STOVES

My Large and Well Selected Stock of

HARDWARE!

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call Soon and Secure Bargains.

R. C. CROCKER,
No. 9 Water Street.
Nov. 27, 1878-d&wt

ST. NICHOLAS



LIVERY, FEED

AND SALE STABLE.
FIRST CLASS OUTFITS.
July 7-7wt

REMOVED!

J. FOLEY,
TAILOR!

Has Removed his Establishment from East Main to the

Cor. of Prairie and Water sts., and has just received a select stock of

Spring and Summer Goods, which he will make up in First-Class Style, and at prices to DEFY COMPETITION.

Cleaning and Repairing promptly attended to.

CUTTING A SPECIALTY.
Give him a call. ap10d&wtm

H. S. AUNGST, & CO.



UNDERTAKERS

And Dealers in all kinds of

COFFINS,

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square
DECATUR, ILL.

Residence, No. 16 West William Street.
June 4-d&wt

TRUSTEE'S NOTICE.

DEFAULT having been made by James M. Steele, the present owner of the WEST HALF OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 10, TOWNSHIP 40 NORTH, RANGE 20 EAST, IN MARION COUNTY, ILLINOIS, the said land has been declared due and payable under the provisions of the trust deed by a legal notice published in the *Frederick*, of Decatur, Illinois. The property will be sold at the Court House door, in Decatur, Marion County, Ill., by the undersigned, as trustee, on FRIDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1878, at 11 o'clock sharp. Amount due on that date, \$1,175.
JULY 8-7wt
GEO. W. TOMS, Trustee.

NEBRASKA AHEAD.

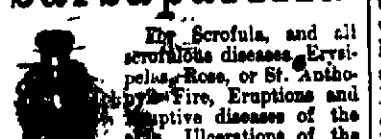
The R. & M. Co. has for sale in the town of Nebraska, 1,500,000 Acres of Land, which is offered for sale at the low rate of \$1.25 per acre. Send for Pamphlet FREE.

H. H. BROWN, Agent,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Nov. 21, 1878-7wt

FREE GIFT! TO ALL

who call on CON-
STANTINE ASTORIA, SOLE IMPORTER of the famous *NEBRASKA AHEAD* Pamphlet, and who will send you a copy of the same, and a valuable present, if you will send for it. The *NEBRASKA AHEAD* Pamphlet is a valuable work, and is sold at the low rate of \$1.25 per acre. Send for Pamphlet FREE.

Sarsaparilla



The Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and all the various diseases of the skin, Stomach, Kidneys, Liver, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ucers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, arising from internal ulceration, and other diseases, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Sillaria, Mandrake, Yellow Root—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skillfully combined, that the full alternative effect of each is secured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still as effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome diseases.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alternative medicine. No generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

LUMBER YARD

PLANING MILL!

THE undersigned have opened a Lumber Yard on the premises formerly occupied by Blood & Co., where they will always have on hand a complete stock of

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATH,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PICKETS, MOULDINGS, ETC.,

Which will be sold at the Lowest Cash Prices.

The Planing Mill will be under the control of ALCOCK & SON, who are prepared to do every description of mill work promptly and at reasonable prices. All orders received by us will receive prompt attention.
April 8-11m w8mo
MILLS & HARRY.

MYER & SON,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTERS!

Decorating, Graining, Gilding, Frescoing and Tinting.

SHOP—North Side of the City Park, over meat market, Decatur, Illinois.
March 20-d&wt

BANKING HOUSE

J. J. PEDDECORD, L. BURROWS, WM. M. BOWEN.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

JANUARY 1, 1879

MONEY TO LOAN

IN VARIOUS SUMS ON THE

Most Favorable Terms.

Secured by Mortgage on Real Estate.

We keep a supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

On hand at all times, which we will sell at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

A general Banking Business transacted, but no interest paid on deposits.

Whitlaw Reed's Latest Newspaper.

Mr. Whitlaw Reed, in his very interesting address before the Ohio editors, said that the coming reporter must write like Macaulay. He may write like that historian, but he will not do any newspaper work. As a reporter, Macaulay would have proved the hugest sort of a failure. He would not have lowered himself down a coal-hole in the sidewalk and come up the cellar-stairs in order to interview a prominent man who had eloped with a judge's wife; nor would he have climbed over the back fence, and left some of his coat tails on the spikes, and jumped through the window of a public hall, in order to "borrow" the manuscript of a speech about to be delivered, and thus beat a rival reporter. Therefore, what is the use of the coming reporter being able to write like Macaulay? His work would be skipped for that of the fellow who writes a highly sensational and false theory concerning the latest murder.

The Chinese Question in California.

The people of California propose to show the unanimity of sentiment in that state on the Chinese question at the coming election in September. Ballots are to be furnished to the electors, pursuant to a law passed by the legislature at its last session, bearing the words "For Chinese Immigration" or "Against Chinese Immigration," and by these they are to signify their respective opinions on this subject. A memorial setting forth the result is to be prepared by the governor, and properly attested copies are to be sent to Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler, to each member of the cabinet, to the senators and members of the house of representatives and to the governor of every state and territory.

A Change of Mind, and Its Result.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowlan parted in San Francisco, and the wife began a suit for divorce. The disinclined pair met in a cemetery by appointment, one day, to attend to the removal of the remains of their only child. Mutual grief for the dead little one appears to have softened their animosity toward each other, for they agreed on the spot to become reconciled. Mrs. Bowlan promising to drop the lawsuit and live with her husband again. But her heart hardened as soon as she was out of the graveyard, and when, on the following day, Bowlan visited her to complete the reconciliation, she told him that she had changed her mind. He thereupon murdered her.

A Nice Present.

Mrs. Hooper says in her last Paris letter to the *Philadelphia Telegraph*: "Master Isaac Bell, Jr., the young nephew of James Gordon Bennett, of the *New York Herald*, is just five days old. The day after the young gentleman's advent his uncle called to see him, and laid on his cradle 100 United States bonds of \$1,000 each as a christening gift, or rather a gift of 'joyous arrival,' according to the old medieval custom at the accession of a king."

A Brief Editorial.

Alexander Beavers edits the *Grundy* (Va.) *Vindicator*. He was subpoenaed as a witness in Judge Rives' court a few days ago, and the judge sent him to prison for contempt. The next issue of his paper contained this brief but brilliant editorial: "Damn old Rives!"

Our Job.

Bob Ingersoll has commenced puffing the preachers. Perhaps he is paying his own way to the sacred desk.—There is this thing to be said of Bob—if he couldn't induce people to join his church, he'd blackguard those who were in so that they would be afraid to leave.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Feb. 8-d&wtm

Shellbarger's Patent Process Flour

SHellsBARGER's patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour ever sold here.
Dec. 18-d&wt

The Comfort Patent Corset—Bor-

tree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at
Jan. 23-d&wt
LINN & SCRUGGS.

Every Lady who desires a neat-fitting

shoe should try D. W. Wright's Rochester Shoes. They are celebrated for being the neatest and most comfortable-fitting shoes ever made. Barber & Baker keep a full assortment of them in all widths and sizes.
[June 19-d&wt]

See those new spring styles Ladies'

Shoes and Slippers, at Ferris' Shoe Store
Jan. 23-d&wt

One hundred doz. ladies and children's hose, at 5 cents a pair, just received by m19d&wt
LINN & SCRUGGS.

GRANT'S DINNER.

The dinner given by the Viceroy at Canton in honor of Gen. Grant was a sumptuous affair indeed. As one reads the menu-list furnished to the Hong Kong papers, he can almost imagine the delicious savor of the spread is tickling his nose. He can also imagine the look of satisfaction which spread over the General's face when he looked on the list and saw that they had Shan Cha Cun, Trum Mun Tim Sum, and Taip Tsang Ko in the first course. After the first course had been served, one of the many hundred waiters stood stiff as a sentinel behind the General's chair, and said:

"San Tip Hong Yan or Kwa Taze?"

"Is it boiled or fried?" asked the General.

Here the Viceroy told the servant to bring the honored guest some Sin San and Wong Kwa, and be lively about it.

"And, see here," called the General after the servant, "fetch me an outside place, if you please."

The servant returned presently with some melon-seeds, almonds, and a pomogranate, on a silver tray. When the distinguished guest got down to his almonds he attracted the attention of the servant, and shook an imaginary salt box over them to indicate that he wanted salt. The servant stared at him blankly. After repeatedly shaking the imaginary box without reaching the intellect of the servant, he said:

"Will you please pass the salt, sirrah?"

The servant did not budge.

"Salt, my good friend, salt!"

The servant was not touched.

"Parlez vous Francaise? oder sprachen sie Deutsche?" asked the General, as a last resort. The savage was unmoved, and the General had no alternative but to eat his almonds without salt.

Presently the Viceroy asked him if he would have some Ching Shui Kwo or Kam Ch'ih. The General said he would, that he was always passionately fond of it.

"Mrs. Grant," said he, "used to cook it in Galena, with the pork, and, by gracious, I thought there never was anything quite so delicious as it was!"

And he passed up his plate. The Viceroy gave the order to the servant, who disappeared in the next room like a flash, and returned almost immediately with a plate of oranges and white grapes. To Gen. Grant the dinner was a series of surprises. When he expected meat, he got pastry or fruit; when he thought they were down to dessert, the roast meat and soup began to pour in. Looking down the list he picked out something which from its position he supposed was ice cream. He whistled to the servant, and pointing out the article in the list, said:

"A little Ching Ton Vin Choi, and some strawberries, if you have them."

The waiter shot out to the sideboard and returned with three slices of boiled ham and some mustard.

HOW WATCHES ARE MADE.

It will be apparent to any one, who will examine a Solid Gold Watch, that aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of the precious metal used, is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply the necessary solidity and strength. The surplus gold is actually needless so far as utility and beauty are concerned. In JAMES BOSS' PATENT GOLD WATCH CASES, this waste of precious metal is overcome, and the same solidity and strength is produced at from one-third to one-half of the usual cost of solid cases. This process is of the most simple nature, as follows: a plate of nickel composition metal, specially adapted to the purpose, has two plates of solid gold soldered one on each side. The three are then passed between polished steel rollers, and the result is a strip of heavily plated composition, from which the cases, backs, centres, bezels, etc., are cut and shaped by suitable dies and formers. The gold in these cases is sufficiently thick to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving and enameling; the engraved cases have been carried until worn perfectly smooth by time and use without removing the gold. They are for sale by Jewelers, and each case is warranted by SPECIAL GUARANTEE. If your jeweler does not keep them, send to HARTZ & THORPE, Sixth and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, for illustrated catalogue.
May 8, 1878-wly

100,000 Bushels of Corn Wanted by

Linn & Scruggs, for which they will pay two cents a bushel more than the highest market price in merchandise, at lowest cash prices, the corn to be delivered at D. S. Shellbarger & Co.'s mill.
Jan. 1-d&wt

Shellbarger's Patent Process Flour

retains all the nourishment contained in the wheat. None of its virtues are wanted. Try it.
[Dec. 18-d&wt]

Farmers, look to your interest, and pat-

ronize the old established grocery house of H. B. Lewis, 41 opera block, Decatur. Best groceries sold as low as the lowest, and goods given in exchange for country produce.
[Jan. 7-7wtm]

For a full line of the latest sheet

music, music books, instructors, violins, accordions, violins and guitar strings and musical merchandise generally, call on J. S. Hand & Co., in postoffice block.
May 15-wt

DAVIS NURSERIES.

150,000 Apple trees, all sizes; 200,000 Hedge Plants, large size; 30,000 Maples and Eriogonias, large; 10,000 Concord Grapes, strong; 25,000 Peach, Cherry, Pear, small fruits and ornamental shrubs. Prices and catalogues free. Orders now. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur same day they are dug—"as item."
H. W. DAVIS,
Box 141, Decatur, Ill.
N. B.—High bred fowls and eggs for sale.

SUITS, BOYS' SUITS, ETC.

J. R. RACE & CO.

Having received a large and well selected stock of

Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits,

At an UNPRECEDENTEDLY Low Price, are prepared to give extra gains. We have introduced a Large Line of MEN'S SUITS, and we sell them at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE!

Having just received the Latest Nobby Styles.

Our Neckwear and Gents' Furnish-

ing Goods Department

Embraces all the Latest Novelties. Also

White and Fancy Shirts

IN ENDS VARIETY.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department!

Continues to be an important factor in our business. We have received a large line of the Latest Styles Suitings, and are prepared to give you a PERFECT FITTING GARMENT at a living price. We are now making

BUSINESS SUITS AT THE LOW PRICE OF \$25.00

CASSIMERE PANTS FOR 5.00

And last, but not least, we would call the attention of engineers, firemen, brakemen, etc., to our NOBBY OVERSUITS, at the low price of \$1.75.

Examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that we mean what we say.
March 20-d&wt

J. R. RACE & CO.

NOW IS YOUR TIME!

In order to reduce, and, if possible, to EFFECT A CLEAN CLEARANCE SALE before purchasing our Fall Stock, we are determined to sell anything and everything in the subjoined departments

AT ACTUAL COST!

AND HAVE SO MARKED THE GOODS. Call in and be convinced of the sincerity of our offer.

OUR SPECIALS ARE:

In Corsets we offer a large and varied display; but desire to especially mention our hand-seamed made, with side steel and double busk, retailing the world over at 75 cents, we offer them as specials for 50 cents.

For a cheap and durable Summer Corset, we beg leave to call your attention to our Hip Gore Corsets, at 20 cents.

We show a full, regular made Ladies' Hose, in brown and bleached, at 20 cents, that can be had nowhere else for less than 33 1/3 cents; also plain colors and stripes, both in Children's and Ladies' Hose.

In Handkerchiefs we show an all-linen ladies' size for 7 cents. In Folding Japanese Fans our assortment and prices are unequalled, and the admiration of all who see them.

In Parasols we offer as handsome a line in plain, black and brown, (new and not shelf-worn), as can be found in this city, at 20 per cent. less than ever offered before anywhere.

A \$1.00 Unlaundried Shirt, made with 1800 linen bosom, cuffs and bands, we are selling at 75 cents—a perfect fit, and quality as represented guaranteed.

We would also direct your attention to our 47 1/2 Cent Unlaundried Shirt, not an all-linen bosom and cuffs as represented by unscrupulous dealers, but a good union. This Shirt we recommend as by far the Cheapest Unlaundried Shirt in the market.

In Embroideries and Laces we lead. In Rubbings we can show as complete a line as can be found in the city, having not less than 100 boxes in stock in reserve.

To appreciate our bargains you must see the goods, as in all cases a purchase is sure to follow.

CHEAP STORE.

18 Merchant St., Decatur, Illinois.
July 19-d&wtm

WANTED.

Wool! Wool!!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR SMALL OR LARGE LOTS OF WOOL.

PROFESSION
ATTORNEY
Office No. 25 West
Main Street, Ill.
J. W. WHELAN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN
Office over Amos
Shelton's drug store.
J. H. BROWN, M.
ATTORNEY
DECATUR.
Office corner East Main
and North Water Streets.
March 20, 1878-d&wt

WILLIAM S. STICKLEY
ATTORNEY
—AT—
Solicitor in
Office No. 16 Water St.
\$10 Private funds to
loan. 18-7wt
BURN & BURN
Attorneys and Co.
AND SOLICITORS
Office on East Main at
No. 25 West Main Street.
Jan. 10, 1878-d&wt
JOHN A. BROWN
Attorney
And Master in Chancery
Office No. 25 West
Main Street, Decatur,
Ill. Jan. 10, 1878-d&wt
G. BROWN & STICKLEY
ATTORNEYS
Prompt attention given
to all legal business.
May 1, 1878-d&wt
FRANK E. WEBB
ATTORNEY
And Solicitor in Chancery
Office No. 25 West
Main Street, Decatur,
Ill. Jan. 10, 1878-d&wt
JOSEPH M. CLOKE
Attorney and C.
Office over the Decatur
coal and lumber yards,
177 West Main St., Ill.
T. S. HOOKER.
D. DEN
Owns his professional
office in Decatur and vicinity
where he practices law.
May 1, 1878-d&wt
L. A. BUCKENHOLD
ATTORNEY
Office over Eldredges
and Sons.
EDWARD D. BROWN
ATTORNEY
Office over Howell &
Terry's.
H. HARVEY PARSONS
Attorney
Office in Chancery
over the Court House.
Deeds, Mortgages,
Wills, and all legal business
promptly attended to.
Jan. 10, 1878-d&wt
B. L. STEWART
Attorney
Office postoffice corner
Main and Water Streets.
Decatur, Ill.
BURN & BURN
ATTORNEYS
Office No. 16 West Main
Street, Decatur, Ill.
J. W. WHELAN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN
Office over Amos
Shelton's drug store.
J. H. BROWN, M.
ATTORNEY
DECATUR.
Office corner East Main
and North Water Streets.
March 20, 1878-d&wt

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TART & HUNDLEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
And Solicitors in Chancery.

Office No. 22 Water street, over Fenton's store, Decatur, Ill.

E. W. WHEAT, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Surgery preferred.)

Office over Armstrong's Drug Store, June 20-dawit

JOSIAH BROWN, M. D.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS

Office, corner East Main and Water streets, Court House, Decatur, Ill., March 20, 1879-dawit

WILLIAM T. WHEAT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.

Office No. 10 Water street, Decatur, Ill.

Private funds to loan on farm lands.

Feb. 18-dawit

BUNN & BUNN,
A. Brower Bunn and John B. Bunn.

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Office on East Main street, over J. Millikin & Co.'s Bank, Decatur, Ill.

Jan. 15, 1879-dawit

JOHN A. BROWN,
Attorney-at-Law,

And Master in Chancery for Mason county, Illinois. Office, 21 North Water street, west side of New Square, Decatur, Ill.

Jan. 10, 1879-dawit

GEORGE H. SHINLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Prompt attention given to all kinds of collections. Money to loan on real estate.

May 5, 1879-dawit

J. W. WEBB,
ATTORNEY AT LAW

And Solicitor in Chancery, Decatur, Illinois. Office, 21 North Water street—Upstairs.

April 4, 1879-dawit

JOSIAH M. CLOKEY,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

Office over the Decatur National Bank, special attention to matters in Probate and Chancery. Decatur, Ill., Apr. 9, 1879-dawit

T. S. HOSKINS,
DENTIST,

Offers his professional services to the people of Decatur and vicinity. Work guaranteed of best quality. Office over Holliman's grocery store, Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois.

March 15-dawit

I. A. SUCKINGHAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office over Hildebrand's Drug Store, Decatur, Illinois.

April 17-dawit

ELDRIDGE & HOTTENBERG,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Office over Newell & Hammer's Grocery Store, July 17-dawit

HARVEY PASCO,
Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Contracts, and all kinds of legal instruments carefully written and acknowledged. Attention given to Probate business, War Claims, and all matters arising under the State Insolvency Law. Collections made in all parts of the United States. Office over Bushy's Shoe Store, East Main street, Decatur, Ill.

Office open from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Also office at No. 4 West Wood street, open from 8 to 10 P. M.

June 10-dawit

B. STENNETT,
Attorney-at-Law,

Office southeast corner of the Old Square, in the office formerly occupied by S. B. Mahan, Esq., over W. C. Armstrong's Drug Store.

June 10-dawit

BUNN & PARK, D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Office No. 14 East Main street, up stairs, Decatur, Illinois.

April 17-dawit

D. M. C. DAWKINS,
DENTIST.

Chloroform, Ether or Gas given at any time for painless extraction of teeth. Office over Holliman's grocery store, Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois.

June 10-dawit

CLARK & ARBUCKLE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

And Solicitors in Chancery, No. 22 North Water Street—back room.

Nov. 1879-dawit

FRANK W. HAINES,
BILL POSTER, DISTRIBUTOR.

—AND—
AGENT SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE,

may be found on inquiry at the REPUBLICAN Publishing Room.

J. SUMMERS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Successor to Dr. J. W. South, Decatur, Office over East Main street, formerly occupied by Dr. South. Residence No. 22 West Hildebrand street.

May 17-dawit

D. A. S. WALTER,
DENTIST,

Office over Barber & Co's Shoe Store, East Main street, Decatur, Illinois.

June 17-dawit

NICHOLAS HOTEL.
M. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors,

South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois.

March 15, 1879-dawit

For the Ladies—I am daily receiving new and elegant styles in spring and summer millinery. Call and see me, old friends and new.

M. FALCONER, 22 East Main street, on stairs.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

WHEAT is carried from Chicago to Liverpool for 30 cents a bushel.

A COMPLETE line of furnishing goods, cheap, at Abel & Locke's.

Don't you forget it, that Abel & Locke keep all kinds of carpet goods, and sell as low as the lowest every time.

Shown the famous "Telephone" nickel cigar, to be had only at W. C. Armstrong's drug store.

Think of it, ladies! W. C. Armstrong has an endless variety of elegant toilet goods and perfumery, at lowest prices.

Ten stars and stripes float from the flagstaff of the band stand Hooray!

Prescriptions carefully compounded at W. C. Armstrong's drug store.

PARASOLS and sun umbrellas, and all summer goods at your own prices now, at the Popular New York Store. 14d&wt

AND still the citizens of Decatur and the country folk around about plinth for scurvy.

If you want the best woven corset in the market, ask for the Newport, at Linn & Scroggs'.

A PART of the "solid south" is coming north this summer to take a rest, and escape the yellow fever scourge. Welcome, all.

FRANK PHILIP, one of the principal stockholders in the tabernacle, says he is in favor of renting that building for a dancehall, and will attempt to use it for that purpose next winter, if nothing better offers.

The Guards are going to make it hot for the Mattson people. They won a \$100 prize on the 4th, and now the committee is endeavoring to crawl out of the obligation. The whole matter will be exposed in a day or two.

ALL KINDS of furniture repaired, re-upholstered or refinished in the neatest and most substantial manner. Old Revere House, Ed. Houston, agent.

March 8-dawit

THE Popular New York Store is headquarters for gloves, lace mitts, collars, ribbons and ruchings. Just drop in and see the bargains they offer this week.

14d&wt

You can buy an elegant all-wool four-dollar shirt for two dollars and fifty cents, at the Popular New York Store.

14d&wt

Messrs H. Mueller & Co., of this city, have sold one of their patent water pressure regulators to the city of Vienna, Austria. The regulator was shipped to that far away place last week. It is a good thing and is in high favor wherever it has been exhibited.

Now you a big rush. You will see all economical housekeepers swooping down on those great bargains in summer dress goods this week, at the Popular New York Store.

14d&wt

THE old Laclede hotel, on the levee, is now known as the Washington House, E. Schultz, proprietor. The house has been newly repainted and fitted up, and is in all respects a first class establishment. See ad. and terms in another column.

THE Illinois Humane Society suggests to owners and drivers of horses that during the heated season their animals should not be needlessly exposed to the hot sun, that some protection against the heat should be used, such as a moistened sponge or a hood, and that excessive driving be avoided.

With the advent of green corn, tomatoes, cucumbers, and other green stuff, cholera morbus becomes more frequent. Sometimes this painful and dangerous disease is brought on by over-indulgence in eating and drinking, but more frequently by eating partially cooked vegetables. The greatest care should be exercised in cooking, especially where there are small children.

IN THE U. S. court at Springfield on yesterday Receiver Gen. of the Illinois Midland Railway, was ordered to pay the following claims against that road: Geo. Cuscutt, \$45; Wiley Marvel, \$30; Maria Marvel, \$40; James K. Marvel, \$20; Joseph B. Garrett, \$100. The petitioners are all residents of DeWitt county, and the claims are for stock killed by cars.

COUNTRY towns like Bloomington and Jacksonville are taking pattern after Decatur in the matter of open air concerts during the summer months. They are going to pass around the hat in Bloomington next Thursday night when the Hastings band plays. The Decatur band was paid in advance by private subscription.

At Clinton the other night a daring attempt by tramps was made to abduct the 14-year old daughter of a widow lady named Mrs. Edmiston. The effort would have been successful had not the mother awakened just as the villains were taking her daughter out of the window, when she gave a piercing scream that made the villains loose their hold and fly for safety under cover of darkness.

From reliable sources we learn that Decatur is coming to the front as a very important shipping point for all the grain within a radius of a hundred miles. The smaller towns round about are made tributary to Decatur, and the grain comes here by rail and is again reshipped by agents here. The prospect is that the fall business will assume magnificent proportions and tax the railroads to their fullest capacity.

Price, color and quality of all the goods we sell, but from this date will take no goods back because the purchaser makes a mistake; all goods are always more or less damaged, and reshipments always entail losses that cannot be borne on account of the very small profits.

July 19-dawit Linn & Scroggs.

FRANK PHILIP for sale at Linn & Scroggs'.

Nov. 20-dawit

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Abraham Lincoln is at present residing at Pau, in southern France, which is a favorite resort of English families.

Abraham Lincoln's old law preceptor, John T. Stuart, still lives and practices in Springfield. He was in Congress three times—one time with John Quincy Adams—and once beat Stephen A. Douglas in a congressional campaign.

Wiley Buckles, of Champaign, has sold his thoroughbred two-year-old colt "Victory," dem "Lizzie Vic," to Col. W. H. Johnson, of Nashville, Tenn., who bought him for Lorillard's stable. The sum paid was \$4,000.

Wm. Gillman, of Columbus, Ind., has just threshed 188 bushels of wheat, cut from three acres of measured ground, which is an average of sixty-one bushels. This is one of the very best reports we have received.

Congressman Alex. H. Stephens has changed his mind, and will go to Massachusetts, instead of coming to Illinois, for the summer vacation. One reason assigned for alighting on his glorious state, was the fear that Senator David Davis would crowd him out or sit down on him.

Albert Summers has permanently located at Paris, Ill. He is reading law in the office of his uncle, A. Y. Trogon, Judge of Edgar county. He is pleasantly situated and reports himself as well satisfied with his present "sit." There are brilliant prospects ahead for Al, and his Decatur friends will be pleased to learn of his advancement in his chosen profession.

General G. A. Smith was the English-speaking orator of the day at the 4th of July celebration at La Vegas, New Mexico. His address appears in full in the New Mexican Herald. The speech abounds in patriotic sentiments, artistically framed in eloquent expressions, wholesome truths and advice pointedly uttered.

Bloomington Pantagraph. Mr. Thos. Russell, of Decatur, who, as will be remembered, was the agent for Madame DuFree during her late walking exhibition in this city, has written a letter to Mr. Lee Cheney, signifying his intention of entering the 75-hour walking match which is soon to take place in this city at Phoenix Hall. Russell is said to be a rapid walker, and has made some very good time in other walking matches.

Bloomington Pantagraph. Arrangements are about completed for a series of concerts to be given by Miss Litta, assisted by first class musical talent, in different portions of the state. Litta will start out about the last of August, and will give concerts at Peoria, Decatur, Danville, Springfield, Jacksonville and Quincy.

At Springfield she will dedicate the new opera house now in process of erection. Prof. Beuter will accompany Litta as accompanist on the piano, assisted by several well-known musicians.

Rev. L. M. Andrews, editor of the old Magnet and Tribune in '74-'75, after an absence of four months at New Albany, Ind., is home on a visit to his family until September, when he will return to his ministerial duties. The following "personal" appeared in the Louisville Courier-Journal of the 14th inst.

Rev. L. M. Andrews, pastor of the Universalist Church, New Albany, Ind., has been given a summer vacation by his congregation, and will leave to day for Decatur, Ill., to visit his family. Mr. Andrews is very popular with his congregation. He is an old newspaper man, and after working for several years for universal salvation—like all of us—as a writer, turned his attention to the same direction as a preacher, and has been quite successful.

Mr. Andrews has a congregation of about 150 members, and has a comfortable church, situated in the heart of the city, that will seat 800 people.

THE consolidation of the Wabash with the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern Railroad has not proceeded further than an agreement between the controlling stockholders, but it is said that the formal notice submitting the agreement to the stockholders for ratification will be issued in a few days. The point of the scheme is said to establish a short freight route to the seaboard, linking the Union Pacific at Omaha, the Kansas Pacific from Kansas City, and the Iowa Central to the Wabash route by the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern.

SOME weeks ago we published a five-line squib in effect that a company brought for coal in Montgomery county had struck oil. The following from the Litchfield Monitor is authoritative.

At a depth of 735 feet, the boring rod passed through the oil bearing sandstone and strata, into a water yielding strata. The oil continued to flow with a steady yield of thirty barrels per day, and, being now combined with water, its preparation for market is much facilitated. The shaft will not be used as an oil well, but the oil must be taken care of, as its presence in any quantity must interfere with the operation of the usual ventilating apparatus.

We guarantee

Price, color and quality of all the goods we sell, but from this date will take no goods back because the purchaser makes a mistake; all goods are always more or less damaged, and reshipments always entail losses that cannot be borne on account of the very small profits.

July 19-dawit Linn & Scroggs.

FRANK PHILIP for sale at Linn & Scroggs'.

Nov. 20-dawit

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

The Meeting Held Yesterday—Five Inspectors Appointed—Preparations to Clean Up.

DECATUR, ILL., July 16, 1879.

EDS. REPUBLICAN—Gentlemen: At a meeting of the Board of Health, held at the register's office, this p. m., the following named persons were chosen for the purpose of making an inspection of the sanitary condition of the city from house to house, giving name of street, lot, owner or occupant. Houses—dwellings only, stores only, store and dwelling, vacant rooms in dwellings; Persons occupying premises—white or colored, adults and children; Water supply—cistern only, hydrants only, cisterns and hydrants, wells, no water supply. Houses—wood, brick, other material, ventilation; Condition of premises—good, bad; Privies—good, foul; Defective drainage, surface, sewer, good, bad, water closets; Persons not vaccinated—white or colored. Number of animals on premises—horses, mules, cows, hogs, condition of stable, vacant lots, stagnant water, deaths in 1878, viz:

W. W. Foster for the first ward
W. T. Stamper for the second ward
George Dempsey for the third ward
B. McGorry for the fourth ward
Norman Pringle for the fifth ward

The necessity of prompt and efficient action by individuals, as well as officials, cannot be too strongly insisted upon, and it is confidently expected that all citizens will render such assistance as they can to the inspectors, in order that a thorough inspection may be made and nuisances of all kinds promptly abated.

GEORGE P. HANDY,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Lorillard After Decatur Horser.

Lorillard, the celebrated tobacconist of New York, and one of the best judges of fine horses in the country, has on several occasions been attracted to 8 Powers & Son's stud of running horses, and for several months past, through his agent, Col. W. H. Johnson, of Nashville, Tenn., has been making overtures for the purchase of their promising colt, "Bonnie Oaks."

He wanted to buy "Volturno," but Powers will not part with him. "Bonnie Oaks" has been sold to Lorillard for \$3,500, and he was shipped to Saratoga, New York, on Tuesday, where he will be put in training for the August meeting at that place. It is hardly necessary to remark in this connection that the mere fact that so noted a turfman as Mr. L. has bought this blooded colt, is a sufficient guarantee that he is considered valuable.

Wicked Leadville.

A correspondent of the Bloomington Pantagraph, "on the spot," writes that the following is a complete schedule of the business houses of Leadville, the famous rocky mountain mining town.

There are 16 dry goods houses, 7 drug stores, 25 clothing, 17 hardware, 51 groceries, 17 lumber dealers, 3 daily papers, 4 banks, 30 doctors (not surprising there have been so many deaths here), 147 lawyers, 5 ministers, 5 churches, 10 beer halls, 120 saloons, 118 gambling dens.

The above is a very good showing for business, but from a moral standpoint one would form a very unfavorable opinion of the place. Although the business houses are all open on the Sabbath, and such amusements as bear fights, dog fights, theatricals, &c., are of common occurrence on that day, I have usually found the churches crowded with attentive audiences.

From Saturday's Daily

A Wheel's Work.

A boy named James Tucker, the son of an Irishman living on Decatur street, accidentally fell off a loaded stage wagon at Mayer Haworth's new residence, on yesterday. As he fell in front of the wheels the startled horses started up, and before they could be stopped one of the wheels ran part way over James' chest, inflicting serious internal injuries. He is now receiving surgical treatment. It is thought that his collar bone is broken.

WE congratulate Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co., of New Orleans, La., upon their happy idea of giving to the public information of the contents of Dr. F. Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic, which of late has gained such well-deserved popularity among the people.

As far as we know, this is the only proprietary remedy for the cure of Chills and Fever, the composition of which is not kept a secret. For sale by all druggists.

July 17-dawit

If you want anything in the boot and shoe line try Barber & Baker. They keep first-class goods and will not be undersold.

May 14-dawit

The Greenest Boy

Cay buy as cheap as the smartest man at Cheap Charlie's. You are cordially invited to examine his stock and prices before buying elsewhere. Remember, no trouble to show goods.

20-dawit

To Bee-keepers.

You can find at my house, near the Mound, Everett's Honey Extractor, Bingham's Honey Knives, Roots and Bingham's Smokers and Comb Foundation. All for sale at reasonable prices.

E. A. GASTMAN.

14d&wt

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scroggs',

Jan 28-dawit

BEAUTIFUL, silky wraps and shawls, all colors, at 75, 50 and 25 cents, at the Popular New York Store. Sold elsewhere at 50, 25 and 10 cents.

14d&wt

RAILWAY NOTES.

Iron rails are \$5 a ton higher now than last year at this time, steel rails \$8, and pig iron \$1 to \$2.

Indianapolis Journal: Fully sixty per cent. of the cars now running westward over the through lines are empty, yet there is every evidence that within ten days there will be a general scarcity of cars on all roads of this section to forward the eastbound business.

Nearly one thousand miles of track had been laid this year up to July 1, a greater mileage than shown in the first six months of any year since 1873, and doubtless double that mileage will be laid in the next six months. This is one of the most striking signs of prosperity.

A complete list of the defaulting railroads in the United States has recently been published. The record is a most striking one, and clearly shows to the observing person the pit into which was sunk the anticipated net earnings of many years. The list includes no less than 307 railroad corporations that have been compelled to go into bankruptcy, with losses to creditors varying all the way from 50 to 100 per cent. The enormous sums thus sunk cannot be accurately stated, but an approximately accurate statement puts the amount of default up to January 1, 1879, at \$300,000,000, and if this estimate errs it is in the direction of conservatism.

From Friday's Daily

Joe Wagner Discharged.

Mention was made in these columns yesterday that Joseph Wagner was at that time on trial before Judge Greer, on a charge of being dangerously insane and a fit person to be sent to an asylum for medical treatment. The testimony of the witnesses failed to establish the accusations alleged in the writ, and after a short consultation the jury discharged Mr. Wagner, though two of their number were in favor of sending him to Jacksonville. Mr. Wagner is an aged bachelor German, and owns residence property on South Webster street, where he resides alone. The small boys in that neighborhood have been annoying Joe for a year past, to such an extent that he has grown very nervous and becomes very much excited and wickedly profane on the slightest provocation. His demonstrations grew alarming to the neighbors, and hence the proceedings of yesterday. In discharging the accused Judge Greer gave him some wholesome advice, telling him to pay no attention to the scoffs and jeers of the boys, and they would soon let him alone. Joe ought to form the acquaintance of a woman who knows how to use a broomstick, and marry her.

DR. ELLEN F. GRIMES, late of Ohio, has removed to Decatur for the purpose of practicing her profession. Mrs. Grimes is a woman of fine education, and we doubt not will build up a lucrative practice. The following notice of her we clip from a late issue of the Cleveland Leader.

Dr. Ellen Grimes, one of the best educated and most cultured ladies of Ohio, who has for several years successfully practiced medicine in that state, has removed to Decatur, Ill., which offers her a more extended field for her chosen profession. She will win there the success so ably obtained in her former fields of labor. A graduate of the Western Medical College of Pennsylvania, where she gained honors in examination and graduation, she is one of the pioneers in this noble field of woman's labor, and has done much to encourage her sex in entering useful fields heretofore untrodden.

The County Jail.

The jail department of Sheriff Foremyer's residence has been thoroughly renovated and cleansed by the prisoners. The walls and cells have been nicely whitewashed, and every appearance of dirt has been removed. It is now as clean and bright as a new pin, and, taken altogether, would be a delightful summer resort, if it were not for the confinement. The prisoners express themselves perfectly satisfied with their quarters and treatment generally. Martin is a good jailer, and habitually exercises a fatherly care over all criminals placed in his charge.

Druggists in Trouble at Kenney.

It is reliably reported here to-day that the town board of Kenney, Illinois, had Axton & Bennett and F. K. Robbins, two very responsible drug firms at that place, arrested on yesterday for selling liquors on prescriptions for medicinal purposes. One of the witnesses is a member of the board, having bought wine of one of the druggists on a prescription for his little child that was not expected to live for a day or two. It is said that the "Farmers' Club" is in successful operation there.

THE premium list of the 33d annual fair of the Mason county agricultural board, to be held at the fair grounds near this city, Sept. 28d to 30th inclusive, has just been issued from this office. The speed ring prizes foot up \$3,025. The general admission is cut down from 50 cents to 35 cents; children under 15 years, 20 cents; one horse and rider, 50 cents; two-horse conveyance, 30 cents. It is the purpose of the managers to make the county fair the best exhibition ever given in the county.

